Environmental Assessment   BARC Demolition of Building 11A	March 2021
APPENDIX B – AGENCY COORDINATION - SE	CTION 106

Research, Education, and Economics Agricultural Research Service

October 15, 2020

Office of Preservation Services
Attn: Beth Cole; Administrator, Project Review and Compliance
Maryland Historical Trust
100 Community Place, 3rd Floor
Crownsville, Maryland 21032-2023

Re: Draft MIHP Inventory Form and DOE Submittal for Building 11A (PG: 61-87); Beltsville Agricultural Research Center, Beltsville, Prince George's County, Maryland

Dear Ms. Cole:

Enclosed for your review are draft documentation materials for Building 11A (PG: 61-87), a former Bioscience Research Laboratory Building within the United States Department of Agriculture's (USDA's) Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) Campus. BARC is a National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)-eligible district (PG: 62-14). The enclosed materials include a draft Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties (MIHP) form, a draft Determination of Eligibility (DOE) form, and associated supporting documentation, including photographs. The building is currently slated for demolition, an undertaking subject to compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA). These materials are being submitted to request your office's input and concurrence regarding the eligibility determinations presented herein.

Please contact me directly with any questions or if additional information is needed.

Sincerely,

Chizo Irechukwu Asset and Facilities Manager USDA/NEA/BARC/FS

Enclosure

**Capsule Summary** 

Name of Property:

Historic: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC)

Other: Building 11A MIHP Number: PG:61-87

Location: Beltsville, Prince George's County, MD

Date of Construction: 1970/1974

Access: Public

**Summary Description:** 

The resource is a 1970 laboratory building (reportedly finished in 1974 despite the 1970 cornerstone) associated

with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC). The

modern building exhibits elements of both the International and Brutalist styles and is distinctive in form and

styling for the research facility. The building is three stories tall with a basement and is of reinforced concrete

frame construction. The building is clad in brick veneer in a running bond pattern over concrete masonry unit

walls. The building's elevations form a square when viewed from above with an open central courtyard. The

building is simple and unadorned, with a monolithic and geometric appearance.

Statement of Significance:

Building 11A is recommended for National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) inclusion as a contributing resource

to the NRHP-eligible BARC historic district (PG:62-14). It was constructed during the period of significance for the

district, was associated with its research mission, and retains sufficient integrity to represent its associations with

mid- to late-twentieth century activities at the facility and with the associated context of agency decentralization

during that period under Criterion A (Farris 2017). Furthermore, the resource is also recommended as contributing

to the district under Criterion C. It was designed by the renowned Baltimore-based architecture firm of Rogers,

Taliaferro, Kostritsky & Lamb (RTKL Associates, Inc.) and represents a distinct and relatively intact example of its

form and style at the BARC facility.

Context:

Building 11A served as a bioscience research center during its tenure of operation. BARC itself is a historic district

that was determined eligible for inclusion in the NRHP in 1998 (MIHP# PG:62-14). The period of significance for the

#### **Capsule Summary**

facility and its contributing resources ranges from its inception in 1910 to its reclassification as a regional center in 1984. Building 11A represents a period of decentralization at the facility as identified in the district's significance statement. Beginning in the 1950s and continuing through 1984, Federal funding and focus spread to the establishment and support of state research facilities, eventually resulting in BARC becoming a regional rather than national research center (Farris 2017). The building was constructed 2 years prior to a significant reorganization within USDA, though it remained in use until 2014 when it was vacated due to environmental problems. It was abandoned in place and is currently slated for demolition.

#### **References Cited**

Farris, Lorin. *Addendum to Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form.* March 17, 2017. Prepared by AECOM.

MIHP FORM

Inventory	/ No.	PG:	61	-87

I. Name of I	Property	(indicate preferred n	ame)			
historic	Bioscience Res	earch Building; Beltsville Ag	gricultura	al Research Cen	ter (BARC)	
other	Building 11A					
2. Location						
street and number	10300 Baltimor	e Avenue, Building 11A, No	orth Farm	1	_	_ not for publication
city, town	Beltsville				<del>-</del>	vicinity
county	Prince George'	S				
3. Owner of	Property	(give names and mailing	address	es of all owners	)	
name	U.S. Departmen	nt of Agriculture, Agricultura	ıl Resear	ch Service		
street and number	10300 Baltimor	e Avenue			telephone	
city, town	Beltsville		state	MD	zip code	20705
Contri Deterr Deterr Recor Histor Other:	buting Resource i mined Eligible for mined Ineligible for ded by HABS/HA ic Structure Repo	n National Register District n Local Historic District the National Register/Marylar r the National Register/Maryl ER rt or Research Report at MHT	and Reg			
6. Classifica	ition					
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership  X public private both	Current Functionagriculturecommerce/tradedefensedomesticeducationfunerarygovernmenthealth careindustry	ree	ndscape creation/culture ligion cial insportation ork in progress known cant/not in use ner:		g Noncontributing

7. Description		Inventory No. PG: 61-87
Condition		
excellent	deteriorated	
good	ruins	
<u>X</u> fair	altered	

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The resource is a circa 1970 laboratory building (reportedly finished in 1974 despite the 1970 cornerstone) associated with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC). The modern building exhibits elements of both the International and Brutalist styles and is distinctive in form and styling for the research facility. It served as a bioscience research center during its tenure of operation. BARC itself is a historic district that was determined eligible for National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) in 1998 (MIHP# PG:62-14). The period of significance for the facility and its contributing resources ranges from its inception in 1910 to its reclassification as a regional center in 1984. Building 11A represents a period of decentralization at the facility as identified in the district's significance statement. Beginning in the 1950s and continuing through 1984, Federal funding and focus spread to the establishment and support of state research facilities, eventually resulting in BARC becoming a regional rather than national research center (Farris 2017). The building was constructed 2 years prior to a significant reorganization within USDA, though it remained in use until 2014 when it was vacated due to environmental problems. It was abandoned in place and is currently slated for demolition.

The building is three stories tall with a basement and is of reinforced concrete frame construction with reinforced concrete beams, slabs, and foundations. The building is clad in brick veneer in a running bond pattern over concrete masonry unit walls. The building's elevations form a square when viewed from above with an open central courtyard. The building's roof is built up with square block-like projections (referred to as mechanical penthouses in some design documents) near the intersecting corners of each elevation, reminiscent of Brutalist themes. The building is simple and unadorned, with a monolithic and geometric appearance.

The primary (southwestern) façade (called south elevation in the attached original plans) is punctuated by four open bay entries accessed by brick stairs with brick and metal railings. The bays are separated by brick piers and are open to a central courtyard containing the building's main entrance. A fifth bay has been opened to the southeast of the original access points to accommodate a wheelchair ramp. Fenestration includes narrow rectangular fixed windows inset in a row above the ground floor. According to the original plans (attached), the windows were aluminum but have since been replaced by more recent metal units. An angular brick "sill" frames the bottom of all window units. The corners of the building feature inset fixed metal window units of varying size that wrap around the adjacent facades. These units are located at the intersections of all of the building's elevations.

The northwestern elevation (identified as west on the attached original plans) is similar to the primary façade in its lack of ornamentation. An open bay entry centered at the ground level provides access to the basement via a driveway. The fenestration on this elevation is similar to that of the primary façade including a row of four narrow rectangular fixed metal windows along the second floor with larger rectangular fixed windows of varying sizes asymmetrically placed along the first floor. The third floor features a square roofline projection (mechanical penthouse) with a cutout around a narrow rectangular window similar in scale to those along the second floor. A brick perimeter wall at the elevation's intersection with the primary façade shields utility machinery.

The northeastern elevation (identified as north on the attached original plans) features paired windows at each level at the center of the building. All are fixed metal units with those on the ground floor being larger than those at the second and third levels. Other rectangular fixed units of varying sizes are placed intermittently at each level, and the brick roofline projection on this façade features a cutout but no associated window unit.

The southeastern elevation (identified as east on the attached original plans) features a pair of centrally located, bay-sized fixed metal-frame window units, each with an associated glass and metal personnel entry door. Fenestration on this façade is similar to the other elevations, with fixed framed rectangular and square inset metal window units with angular brick sills intermittently spaced along all three levels. The brick projection on this elevation features a cutout with associated window unit.

A site plan of the building as well as proximity map showing its location within the BARC facility, elevation drawings from the original plan set, and photographs of the building are included as attachments.

o. Oigiiiic	arice			inventory No. PG: 61-87
Period	Areas of Significance	Check and ju	ustify below	
1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 <u>X</u> 1900-1999 2000-	X architecture art commerce communications	economics education engineering entertainment/ recreation ethnic heritage exploration/ settlement	health/medicine industry invention landscape archite law literature maritime history military	performing arts philosophy politics/government ecture religion science social history transportation other:
Specific dates	1970-1984		Architect/Builder	Rogers, Taliaferro, Kostritsky & Lamb (Architects and Planners)
Construction da	ates 1970/1974			
Evaluation for:				

8 Significance

National Register

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

Maryland Register

not evaluated

Building 11A is recommended for NRHP inclusion as a contributing resource to the NRHP-eligible BARC historic district (PG:62-14). It was constructed during the period of significance for the district, was associated with its research mission, and retains sufficient integrity to represent its associations with mid- to late-twentieth century activities at the facility and with the associated context of agency decentralization during that period (Farris 2017). Furthermore, the resource is also recommended as contributing to the district under Criterion C. It was designed by the renowned Baltimore-based architecture firm of Rogers, Taliaferro, Kostritsky & Lamb (RTKL Associates, Inc.) and represents a distinct and relatively intact example of its form and style at the BARC facility.

BARC was first documented as a historic property in the 1970s with updated survey and official NRHP eligibility determination occurring in 1998. The boundaries of the NRHP district include the entire 6,582-acre research center. It is eligible under both Criteria A and Criteria C. Under Criterion A, the facility is signficant for its role in "the development of a national center for agricultural experimentation and testing." It maintains associations with the New Deal and Federal Depression-era programs of the 1930s and 1940s, and the "diversity of the scientific research conducted at BARC has influenced many aspects of 20th century living for the farmer as well as the consumer" (P.A.C. Spero & Company 1998). Under Criterion C, the facility is signficant as a designed landscape with signficant influences from "the planning team of A.D. Taylor, landscape architect, and Delos Smith, architect" during the 1930s. It also maintains associations with the Civilian Conservation Corps and was influenced by the individual divisions within BARC and their research missions. Contributing features of the landscape include "major paved roads, including Powder Mill Road, minor service roads, field and research crops, pasture lands, seasonal ponds, forests, sustainable meadows, other landscape features, and buildings" (P.A.C. Spero & Company 1998).

MHT maintains a 6-volume set of the original Historic Site Survey (report PR 299), and a number of both systematic and piecemeal documentation efforts have occurred in the intervening years to identify contributing features of the district. In 2017, an addendum to the significance statement for the district further defined significant historic contexts for evaluation of contributing resources, some of which extend further into the twentieth century. Significant themes identified included the Federal role in agricultural research, experimental agricultural research, New Deal policies and programs, landscape architecture, experimental agricultural architecture, and Georgian Revival architecture, each encompassing numerous subthemes. Reference to the previous studies is included here for background information regarding historical development at the BARC facility.

Building 11A is significant under Criterion A for its representation of the Federal role in agricultural research. More specifically, it maintains associations with the period of decentralization at BARC as Federal funding was increasingly allocated to state research facilities. It is also significant for its associations with experimental agricultural research, representing a period when the experimental research fields at BARC expanded and diversified during the mid-twentieth to late-twentieth century. Notable contributions to agricultural science attributed to BARC researchers during the 1970s included the discovery of plant viroids "a new class of disease-causing particles 80 times smaller than viruses" (Farris 2017).

Inventory No. PG:61-87

Bioscience Research Building (11A); Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 

Number 8 Page 1

Building 11A is also significant under Criterion C as a distinctive example of its form, style, and type at the BARC facility. It dates to the period of significance for the NRHP-eligible landscape at BARC and is distinctively representative of the emergence of modern architecture at the facility during the mid-to-late-twentieth century. Modern architectural styles were incorporated at the facility as BARC's mission shifted and the types of experimental research conducted there increased during the second half of the twentieth century. In addition, the building was designed by the renowned Baltimore-based architecture firm of RTKL Associates, Inc. The firm was known primarily for its urban planning and architecture, both in Maryland and throughout the United States. Building 11A represents a distinct institutional example of the firm's work.

### 9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. PG: 61-87

Bowlin, Lauren. *Individual Property/District Maryland Historical Trust Internal NR-Eligibility Review Form.* Prepared by Robinson and Associates. February 23, 2000. Copy on file at MHT.

Dwyer, Michael F. Maryland Historic Trust, Inventory Form for State Historic Sites Survey: U.S.D.A. – Beltsville Agricultural Center. Prepared by the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission. January 25, 1973. Copy on file at MHT.

Farris, Lorin. Addendum to Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form. March 17, 2017. Prepared by AECOM. (see continuation page)

10. Geographical Data					
Acreage of surveyed property Acreage of historical setting	Beltsville	Oundrangle coole: 1,241			
Quadrangle name  Verbal boundary description a		Quadrangle scale: 1:24k			

Within 6,582-acre boundary of the BARC Historic District (see Attachment 1).

11. Form Prepared by					
name/title	Brandy Harris				
organization	Burns & McDonnell	date	09/29/2020		
street & number	8911 Capital of Texas Highway, Suite 3100	telephone	512-558-2884		
city or town	Austin	state	Texas		

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Department of Planning 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023

410-697-9591

Inventory No. PG:61-87

Bioscience Research Building (11A); Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 

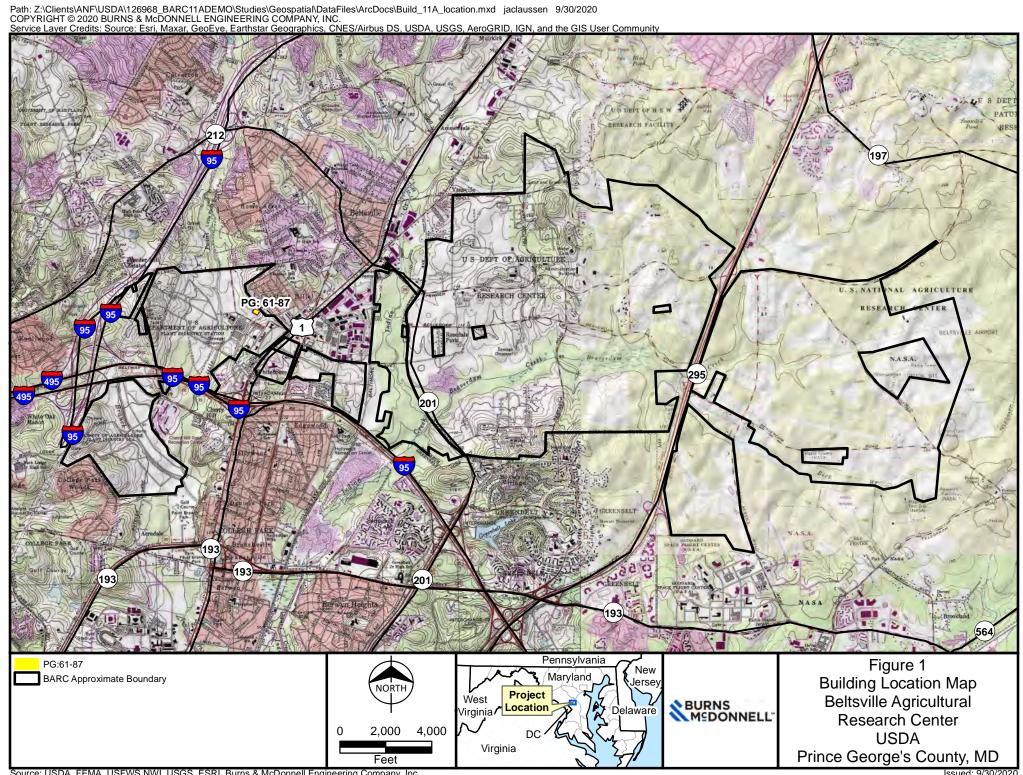
Number 8 Page 1

#### **References Continued:**

P.A.C. Spero & Company

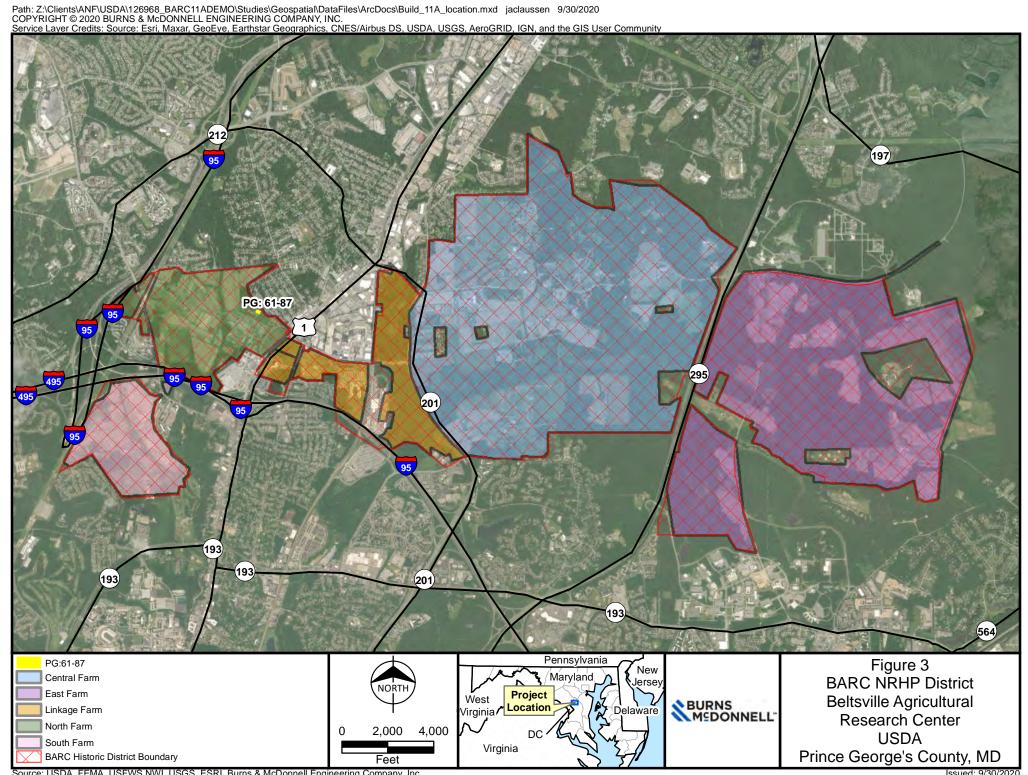
Maryland Historical Trust Determination of Eligibility Form, Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (PG:62-14). October 1, 1998. Copy on file at MHT.

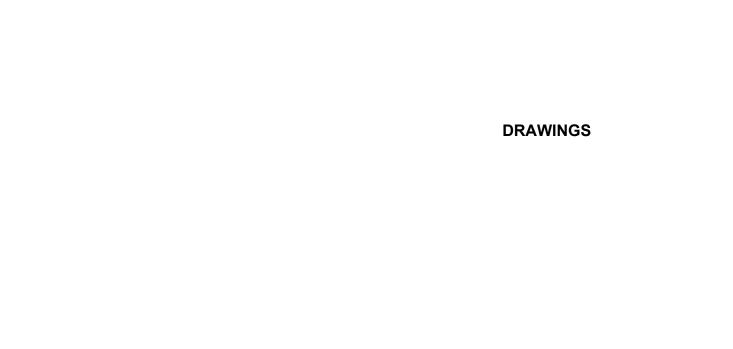
**FIGURES** 

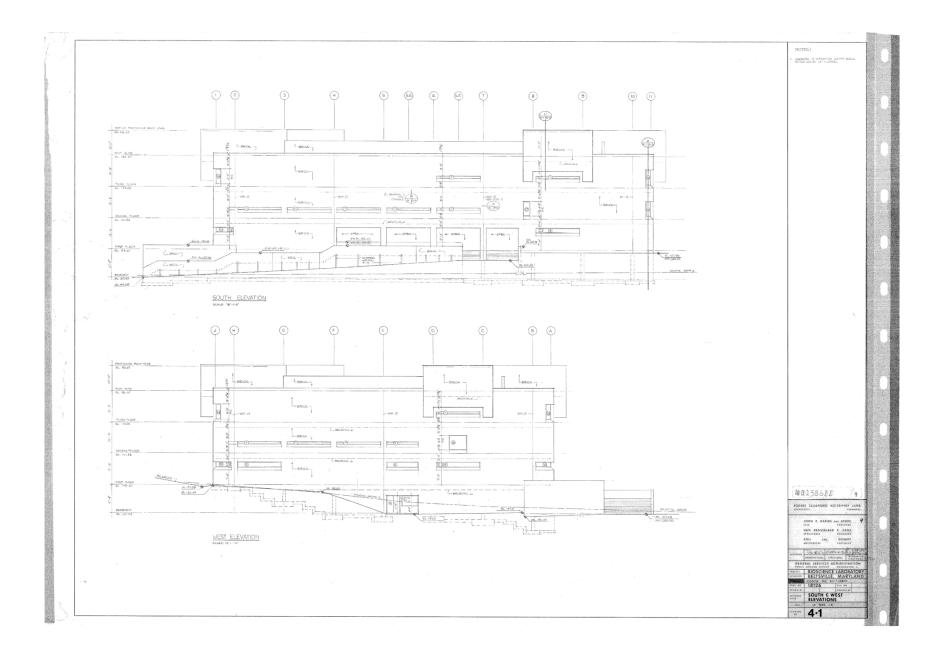


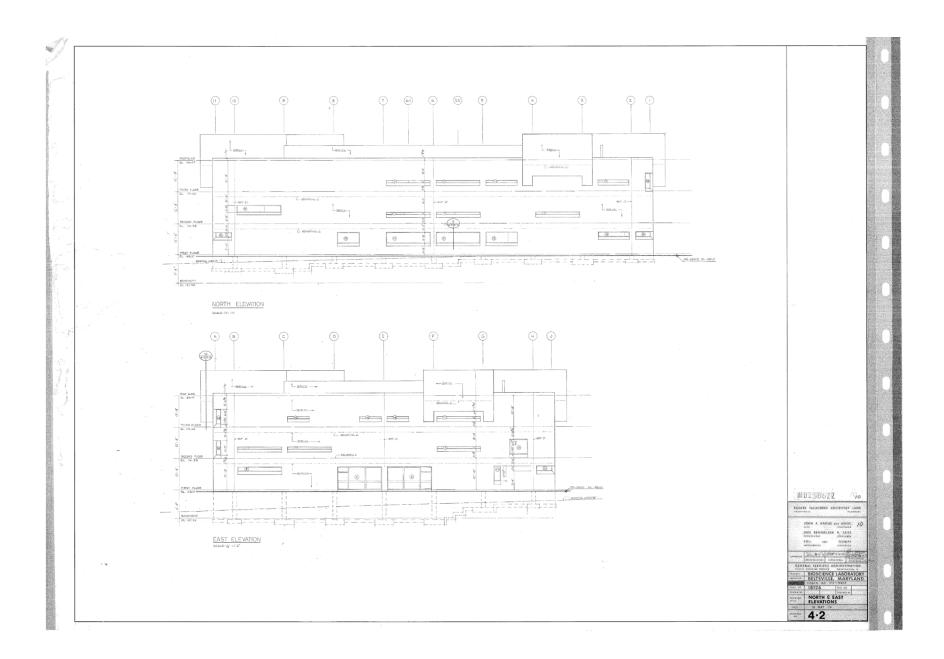
Feet

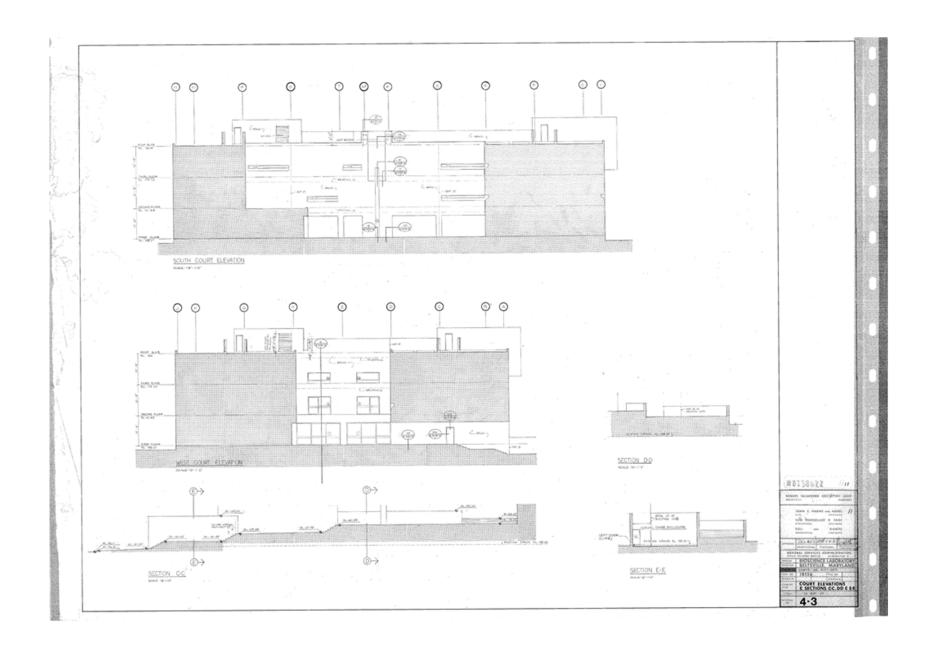
Prince George's County, MD

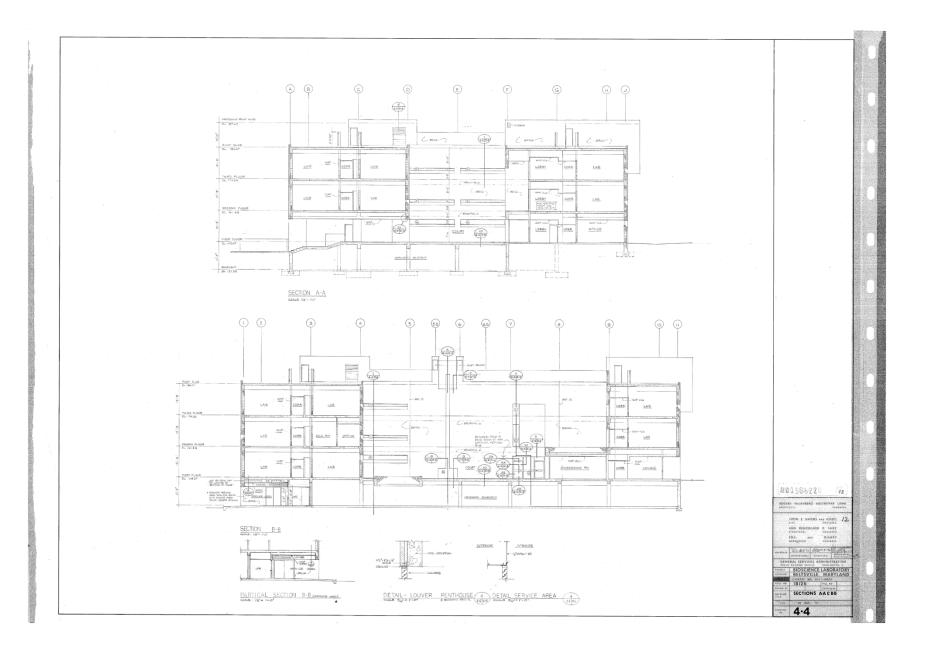


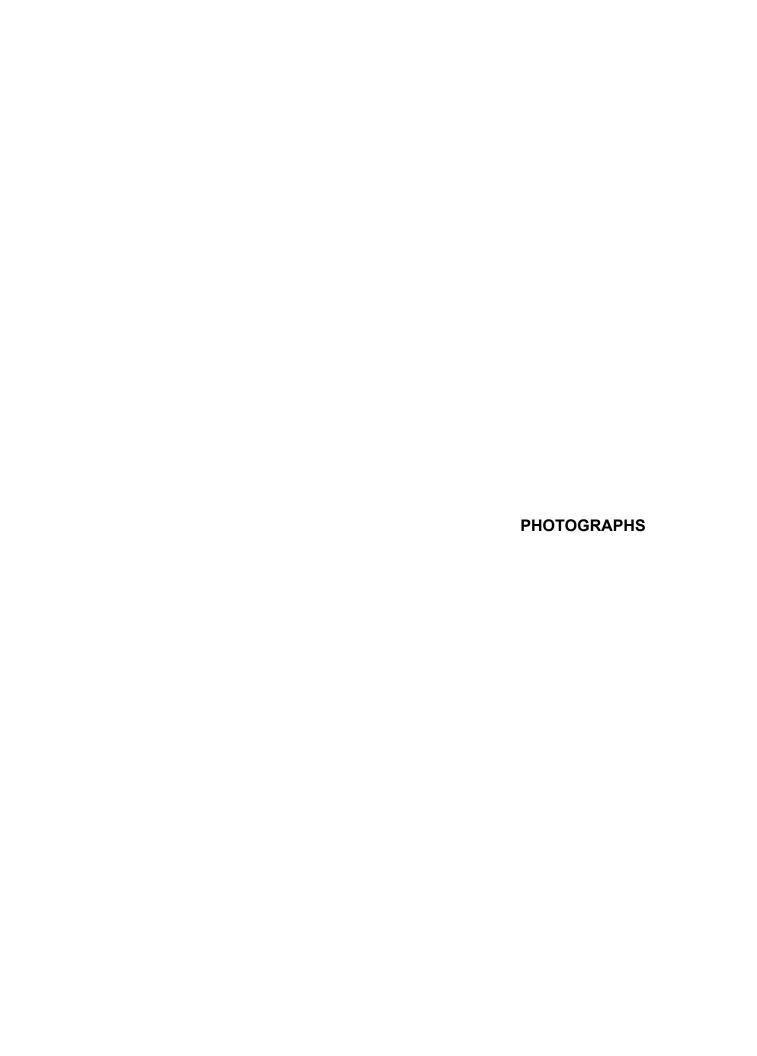












Inventory No. PG: 61-87

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) Continuation Sheet

Number Photos Page 1

#### **PHOTO LOG**

Name of Photographer: Brandy Harris Date of Photograph: September 30, 2020 Location of Original Digital File: MD SHPO

Photographs inserted on continuation sheets.

Photo 1 of 47:

Front Façade, camera facing north. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_001

Photo 2 of 47:

Oblique Overview, camera facing north. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_002

Photo 3 of 47:

Overview from Main Drive, camera facing northeast. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_003

Photo 4 of 47:

Overview of Entrance, camera facing north. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_004

Photo 5 of 47:

Overview of Entrance, camera facing north. PG61-87 2020-09-30 005

Photo 6 of 47:

Overview of PG: 61-87, camera facing northeast. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_006

Photo 7 of 47:

Overview of PG: 61-87, camera facing northeast. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_007

Photo 8 of 47:

Entrance from Parking Lot, camera facing southeast. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_008

Inventory No. PG: 61-87

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) Continuation Sheet

Number Photos Page 2

Photo 9 of 47:

View of Primary (Southwest) and Northwest Façade Intersection, camera facing northeast. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_009

Photo 10 of 47:

Overview of PG: 61-87, camera facing northeast.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_010

Photo 11 of 47:

Overview of PG: 61-87, camera facing east-northeast.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_011

Photo 12 of 47:

Lateral Overview of Northwest Façade, camera facing east-southeast.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_012

Photo 13 of 47:

Northwest Façade, camera facing northeast.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_013

Photo 14 of 47:

Northwest Façade, camera facing south.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_014

Photo 15 of 47:

Entry on Northwestern Façade, camera facing southeast.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_015

Photo 16 of 47:

View of Air Conditioning Unit on Northwestern Façade, camera facing south.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_016

Photo 17 of 47:

Brick Wall Shielding Utility Machinery on the Northwestern Façade, camera facing south.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_017

Inventory No. PG: 61-87

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) Continuation Sheet

Number Photos Page 3

Photo 18 of 47:

Brick Wall Shielding Utility Machinery on the Northwestern Façade, camera facing southeast. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_018

Photo 19 of 47:

Overview of Northeast Façade, camera facing south-southeast. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_019

Photo 20 of 47:

Overview of Northeast Façade, camera facing southeast. PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_020

Additional digital image files are located at the Maryland Historical Trust.

Photo 21 of 47:

View of Northeast Façade, camera facing southeast.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_021

Photo 22 of 47:

View of Southeast and Northeast Façade Intersection, camera facing southwest.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_022

Photo 23 of 47:

View of Southeast Façade, camera facing southwest.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_023

Photo 24 of 47:

View of Southeast Façade, camera facing northwest.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_024

Photo 25 of 47:

View of Southeast Façade, camera facing northwest.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_025

Photo 26 of 47:

 $\label{lem:window} \textbf{Window at intersection of the Southeast and Northwest Façade, camera facing southwest.}$ 

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_026

Inventory No. PG: 61-87

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 

Number Photos Page 4

Photo 27 of 47:

View of Courtyard and Main Entry, camera facing northwest.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_027

Photo 28 of 47:

View of Courtyard, camera facing west.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_028

Photo 29 of 47:

View of Courtyard, camera facing northeast.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_029

Photo 30 of 47:

View of Courtyard, camera facing southeast.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_030

Photo 31 of 47:

View of Main Entry, camera facing northeast.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_031

Photo 32 of 47:

Signage and Cornerstone, camera facing northeast.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_032

Photo 33 of 47:

View of Parking Lot Associated with PG: 61-87, camera facing northwest.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_033

Photo 34 of 47:

View of Pumping Station Associated with PG: 61-87, camera facing west.

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_034

Photo 35 of 47:

**Interior Overview** 

PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_035

Inventory No. PG: 61-87

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 

Number Photos Page 5

Photo 36 of 47:

Interior Overview PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_036

Photo 37 of 47:

Interior Overview PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_037

Photo 38 of 47:

Interior Overview PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_038

Photo 39 of 47:

Interior Overview PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_039

Photo 40 of 47:

Interior Overview PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_040

Photo 41 of 47:

Interior Overview PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_041

Photo 42 of 47:

Interior Overview PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_042

Photo 43 of 47:

Interior Overview PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_043

Photo 44 of 47:

Interior Overview PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_044

Inventory No. PG: 61-87

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 

Number Photos Page 6

Photo 45 of 47:

Stair Detail PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_045

Photo 46 of 47:

Stair Detail PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_046

Photo 47 of 47:

Stair Detail PG61-87\_2020-09-30\_047

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 



Photo 1 of 47: Front Façade, camera facing north.



Photo 2 of 47: Oblique Overview, camera facing north.

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 



Photo 3 of 47: Overview from Main Drive, camera facing northeast.



Photo 4 of 47: Overview of Entrance, camera facing north.

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 

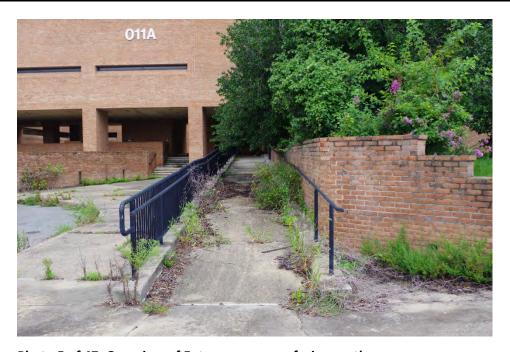


Photo 5 of 47: Overview of Entrance, camera facing north.



Photo 6 of 47: Overview of PG: 61-87, camera facing northeast.

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 



Photo 7 of 47: Overview of PG: 61-87, camera facing northeast.



Photo 8 of 47: Entrance from Parking Lot, camera facing southeast.

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 



Photo 9 of 47: View of Primary (Southwest) and Northwest Façade Intersection, camera facing northeast.



Photo 10 of 47: Overview of PG: 61-87, camera facing northeast.

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 



Photo 11 of 47: Overview of PG: 61-87, camera facing east-northeast



Photo 12 of 47: Lateral Overview of Northwest Façade, camera facing east-southeast.

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 



Photo 13 of 47: Northwest Façade, camera facing northeast.



Photo 14 of 47: Northwest Façade, camera facing south.

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 



Photo 15 of 47: Entry on Northwestern Façade, camera facing southeast.



Photo 16 of 47: View of Air Conditioning Unit on Northwestern Façade, camera facing south.

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 



Photo 17 of 47: Brick Wall Shielding Utility Machinery on the Northwestern Façade, camera facing south.



Photo 18 of 47: Brick Wall Shielding Utility Machinery on the Northwestern Façade, camera facing southeast.

Name: Bioscience Research Building; Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (BARC) **Continuation Sheet** 



Photo 19 of 47: Overview of Northeast Façade, camera facing south-southeast.



Photo 20 of 47: Overview of Northeast Façade, camera facing southeast.

DOE FORM

#### MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FORM

Property Name: Bioscience Research Building 11A	Inventory Number: PG: 61-87
Address: 10300 Baltimore Avenue, Building 11A City: Beltsville	Zip Code: 20705
County: Prince George's USGS Topographic Map:	Beltsville
Owner: U.S. Department of Agriculture Is t	the property being evaluated a district?yes
Tax Parcel Number:Tax Map Number:Tax Account ID N	lumber:
Project: Building 11A Demolition Project Agendary	cy: USDA ARS
Site visit by MHT Staff:noyes Name:	Date:
Is the property located within a historic district? X yesno	
If the property is within a district District Inv	ventory Number: 62-14
NR-listed districtyes Eligible district _X_yes District Nam	ne: Beltsville Agricultural Research Center
Preparer's Recommendation: Contributing resource X yesno Non-	-contributing but eligible in another context
Criteria:ABCD Considerations:A  Documentation on the property/district is presented in:  Description of Property and Eligibility Determination: (Use continuation sheet if new the resource is a circa 1970 laboratory building (reportedly finished in 1974 durited States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Beltsville Agricultural Rese exhibits elements of both the International and Brutalist styles and is distinctive served as a bioscience research center during its tenure of operation. BARC its eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) in 19	despite the 1970 cornerstone) associated with the earch Center (BARC). The modern building we in form and styling for the research facility. It self is a historic district that was determined
significance for the facility and its contributing resources ranges from its incept center in 1984. Building 11A represents a period of decentralization at the faci statement. Beginning in the 1950s and continuing through 1984, Federal fundi support of state research facilities, eventually resulting in BARC becoming a r (Farris 2017). The building was constructed 2 years prior to a significant reorgause until 2014 when it was vacated due to environmental problems. It was abandemolition.	ption in 1910 to its reclassification as a regional ility as identified in the district's significance ing and focus spread to the establishment and regional rather than national research center anization within USDA, though it remained in undoned in place and is currently slated for
The building is three stories tall with a basement and is of reinforced concrete beams, slabs, and foundations. The building is clad in brick veneer in a running	
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST REVIEW  Eligibility recommended Eligibility not recommended Criteria:ABCD Considerations:A Comments:	BCDEFGNone

**Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services** 

Reviewer, NR Program

Date

Date

NR Eligible: yes X

no \_\_\_\_

#### MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST NR-ELIBILITY REVIEW FORM

Continuation Sheet No. 1 MIHP No: PG: 61-87

The building's elevations form a square when viewed from above with an open central courtyard. The building's roof is built up with square block-like projections (referred to as mechanical penthouses in some design documents) near the intersecting corners of each elevation, reminiscent of Brutalist themes. The building is simple and unadorned, with a monolithic and geometric appearance. Other signficant details included asymmetrically placed rectangular metal fixed frame windows of varying sizes with angular brick sills and fixed frame windows at the intersections of all building elevations that wrap around to the adjacent façades (see associated MIHP form for full description).

Building 11A is recommended for NRHP inclusion as a contributing resource to the NRHP-eligible BARC historic district (PG:62-14). It was constructed during the period of significance for the district, was associated with its research mission, and retains sufficient integrity to represent its associations with mid- to late-twentieth century activities at the facility and with the associated context of agency decentralization during that period (Farris 2017). Furthermore, the resource is also recommended as contributing to the district under Criterion C. It was designed by the renowned Baltimore-based architecture firm of Rogers, Taliaferro, Kostritsky & Lamb (RTKL Associates, Inc.) and represents a distinct and relatively intact example of its form and style at the BARC facility.

Building 11A is significant under Criterion A for its representation of the Federal role in agricultural research. More specifically, it maintains associations with the period of decentralization at BARC as Federal funding was increasingly allocated to state research facilities. It is also significant for its associations with experimental agricultural research, representing a period when the experimental research fields at BARC expanded and diversified during the mid-twentieth to late-twentieth century. Notable contributions to agricultural science attributed to BARC researchers during the 1970s included the discovery of plant viroids "a new class of disease-causing particles 80 times smaller than viruses" (Farris 2017).

Building 11A is also significant under Criterion C as a distinctive example of its form, style, and type at the BARC facility. It dates to the period of significance for the NRHP-eligible landscape at BARC and is distinctively representative of the emergence of modern architecture at the facility during the mid-to-late-twentieth century. Modern architectural styles were incorporated at the facility as BARC's mission shifted and the types of experimental research conducted there increased during the second half of the twentieth century. In addition, the building was designed by the renowned Baltimore-based architecture firm of RTKL Associates, Inc. The firm was known primarily for its urban planning and architecture, both in Maryland and throughout the United States. Building 11A represents a distinct institutional example of the firm's work.

#### References Cited

Farris, Lorin.	Addendum to	Maryland .	Historical '	Trust Marylana	l Inventory o	f Historic	Properties	Form.	March 1	17, 2017.
Prepared by A	AECOM.						_			

Prepared by:	Brandy Harris	Date Prepared: <u>09/29/2020</u>	



# Maryland DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

November 16, 2020

Chizo Irechukwu Asset and Facilities Manager USDA ARS 10300 Baltimore Avenue, Building 426 Beltsville, MD 20705

Sent via email to: <a href="mailto:chizo.irechukwu@usda.gov">chizo.irechukwu@usda.gov</a>

Re: USDA Beltsville Agricultural Research Center Surplus Building Demolition Initiative

Determination of Eligibility for the Bioscience Research Building 11A (PG:61-87)

Prince George's County, Maryland

Dear Ms. Irechukwu:

Thank you for your recent letter, dated and received by the Maryland Historical Trust (Trust), Maryland's State Historic Preservation Office, on October 22, 2020, continuing consultation for the above-referenced undertaking pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

The letter provided documentation, prepared by Burns & McDonnell, to support the USDA's assessment of eligibility for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) for Building 11A. Trust staff reviewed the materials and we concur that the Bioscience Research Building 11A (PG:61-87) is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criteria A and C as a contributing resource to the NRHP-eligible Beltsville Agricultural Research Center (MIHP No. PG:62-14). We have added this documentation to our inventory records. We understand that the building is slated for demolition as part of the USDA's demolition initiative at BARC. We await further consultation with USDA and other consulting parties to complete the Section 106 consultation for this demolition initiative, as planning proceeds. If you have questions or need further assistance, please contact Beth Cole at <a href="mailto:beth.cole@maryland.gov">beth.cole@maryland.gov</a>. Thank you for providing us this opportunity to comment.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth Hughes

Director / State Historic Preservation Officer

Eliabth Angli

EH/EJC/202004630

cc: Bill Howl (USDA / bill.howl@usda.gov)

Brandy Harris (Burns & McDonnell / bmharris@burnsmcd.com)

Shari Cannon-Mackey (Burns & McDonnell /scannonmackey@burnsmcd.com)